ANOTHER NEGRO INCINERATED BY A SOUTHERN MOB.

This Time the Victim Is Found in train, to-day, near Valdosta. Bad feeling This Is the London View, and It Is Tennessee, Where the Usually "Orderly" Concourse Executes Him.

PROCESSION TO FESTAL SCENE

THREE MILES OF BLOOD HUNTERS PARADE TO THE BURNING.

Negro Dies Stolidly After Making a Brief Statement Concerning His Crime and Its Cause.

EFFORTS TO PREVENT LYNCHING

FERVENT BUT USELESS APPEALS ON BEHALF OF THE LAW.

Sheriff and His Deputies Overpowered by the Mob-Details of the Execution as Carried Out.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 25 .- A spe- ical departments. cial to the Times from Winchester, Tenn.,

"Henry Noles, the negro, who criminally assaulted and shot to death Mrs. Charles Williams, wife of a prominent farmer, near Winchester, Tenn., last Friday, was captured early this morning at a water tank State's Attorney Matt N. Whittaker appeared and made a speech to the crowd. of the law. He promised to reconvene the grand jury to-morrow to promptly indict the negro and have him speedily tried at the present term of court, assuring the crowd that his conviction and legal execution was a foregone conclusion. This appeal was supplemented by Judge J. J. Lynch, Capt. W. P. Tolley, Jesse M. Littleton, Foster Ramsey and others. No sooner had their appeals been made than several hundred citizens from the neighborhood, where the crime was committed, came up and augmented the crowd to thousands. .They swept forward upon the jail, overpowered the sheriff and his deputies, took the prisoner and started for the scene of the crime, twelve miles distant, at 10:15

"The mob was orderly, but determined. It seemed that the whole population for miles around had turned out to see the fate of the negro. A procession three miles in length followed the mob to the Williams home. Arriving at a point in sight of the scene of the crime the negro was placed on a stump and given a chance to make a

"He mounted the stump stolidly and laughed as he began his statement. He said: 'Tell all my sisters and brothers to meet me in glory. I am going to make that my home. Tell my mother to meet me where parting will be no more.'

"He was then asked as to whether any one else was implicated in the crime. Noles stated emphatically there was no one implicated but himself.

"'Why did you kill Mrs. Williams?' was

"'I just done that because I had nothing else to do."

"He finished his statement at 1:35 p. m. He was taken from the stump, carried to a and his body saturated with oil.

"At 1:40 p. m. a match was applied and instantly the quivering body was enveloped in flames. Fence rails were pitched about the burning body and soon life was ex- ecution, there was glory enough for both tinct. The negro made no outery at any time and died as stolidly as a stoic. There and it is to be greatly deplored. That any prived of those rights. ing body. At least 6,000 people witnessed the horrible fate of the negro. Many remained until nightfali, augmenting the blaze until the body was entirely consumed. They then departed for their homes

"Lying on the floor of the family room, her face splashed with clotted blood and the oaken planks stained with the same drops. Charles Williams found his devoted young wife Friday afternoon when he returned from marketing his wheat in the little town of Maxwell. A heavy bullet had gone through her head, life was completely extinct and her two baby children, were crying aloud their grief and fear. The oldest boy, aged five years, told what had occurred. The young mother had been shot and killed by Henry Noles, a negro hand on Williams's place. As the mortallywounded woman sank to the floor, Noles shot at the boy, the bullet grazing the child's head. The negro fled to the woods. Williams's neighbors were stirred to the pitch of exacting merciless and summary justice. On receipt of news of the crime Sheriff Stewart departed for the scene with bloodhounds. A posse of determined citizens, well armed and provided with a rope,

was also on Noles's trail. "It is reported that the motive was robbery and that \$20 was obtained by the murderer. Mr. Williams is a farmer, wellto-do and one of the most prominent residents of his part of Franklin county. The dead woman was a member of one of the oldest and most respected families in the county. Of the two children, the oldest is just five years old. They were the only witnesses of the tragedy."

Negro's Store and House Burned.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 25 .- A small grocery store and dwelling at Thompson's Springs, eight miles from Birmingham, occupied by Miles Brooks, a negro, was burned by a mob early this morning. Brooks is alleged to have written an improper letter to Mrs. Cutcliff, a white woman, who had occasionally patronized his store. Daniel Cutcliff, the woman's husband, searched for the negro for two days. The store and dwelling were both closed during that time and to-day a crowd of men who had joined in the search burned the dwelling and store. Twenty shots were fired into the building but the negro had left the house and no one was hurt. A

search is still being made for Brooks.

Mexican Shot by a Mob. KENNEDY, Tex., Aug. 25.-Felix Mar-

mob of Mexicans, late last night, and shot to death. No cause can be ascer-

ATTACKED THE WRONG MAN.

Negro Train Porter Killed by Bag-

gagemaster in Georgia. MACON, Ga., Aug. 25 .- J. C. Merriwether, a baggagemaster on the Georgia Southern & Florida Railroad, shot and killed Will Freeman, a negro porter on the same had existed between the men for some time. Yesterday they accidentally met on the "Shoe Fly" train. A few minutes after the train left Valdosta the negro entered the baggage car and uttering an oath exclaimed: "I have got you where I want you and I am going to throw you out of

The negro sprang on Merriwether, who is a small man. A tussle ensued and Freeman was shot through the head, dying instantly.

Killed in a Jail Cell.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Aug., 25 .- A special to the Journal and Tribune from Greene- De Larcy Issues a Proclamation ville, Tenn., says: "James Ross and Walter Pierce, negroes, were committed to jail late Saturday night, in trivial offenses, and put in the same cell. The men fought with knives and Ross killed Pierce."

STRIKE APPROVED.

Columbus Typographical Union Sup-

ports the Press-Post Printers. COLUMBUS, Aug. 25 .- Columbus Typographical Union, at a meeting this afternoon, approved the action of the Press-Post printers, pressmen and stereotypers in quitting their places and declaring a lockout at the establishment. The management of the paper announced to-night that publication would be resumed at once. Inasmuch as no settlement with the unions is in prospect, this announcement is construed to mean that an entire new force of men is to be installed in the news and mechan-

WRECK IN KENTUCKY.

Several Persons Are Injured Near

Paducah, One Fatally. PADUCAH, Ky., Aug. 25.-An Illinois near Cowan, Tenn. He was taken to Win- | Central accommodation train from Fulton. chester by his captors and placed in the Ky., and a light engine collided on a curve county jail. Sheriff Stewart made haste to at 7:30 a. m. to-day, three miles from this land has wisely made no further reduction Prussia, to investigate the charges of murtry to barricade the jall and protect the city. Engineer W. C. Eubanks, of the prisoner. Soon an angry mob of several light engine, who overlooked the passenrundred men gathered, but Assistant ger train, was fatally hurt, both legs being cut off. The others injured are: Conductor E. T. Arnn, Flagman Murphy, Engineer Mike Kelly, Express Messenger He appealed to them to assist him in allay- Clarence Wright, Fireman William Hay ing excitement and upholding the majesty and several passengers, none seriously, Both engines were demolished.

CAPT. FORSYTH. OF THE NAVY, DIS-CUSSES SANTIAGO CAMPAIGN.

Says the Elevation of a Junior to Pennant Rank Was Responsible for the Unfortunate Controversy.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 25.-Captain James McQueen Forsyth, U. S. N., who had charge of the naval station at Key West during the Spanish-American war, spent to-day in Kansas City, while en route from San Francisco to his home at Philadelphia. To a Times reporter, Capt. Forsyth talked of the Schley-Sampson controversy, and that paper to-morrow will

"While we have been instructed by the Navy Department not to discuss the merits of the case, every one knows that the navy looks upon the controversy as an unfortunate affair. We believe there was plenty of glory for all concerned

'The fact that a junior man was placed in command above his seniors is responsible for the whole business," continued Capt. Forsyth, "Sampson was a captain! and the seventeenth ranking officer of the navy. No one ever thought of him as the successor of Admiral Sicard, and I don't believe he ever thought of it himself, but he was familiar to the people of Washington, and they decided to place him in command. Of course, the officers who outranked him did not like it. It is not to be expected that they would, but Washing-'Sampson' and that settled the matter. Schley was among the officers tree near by, bound to the tree by chains | outranking Sampson, and as he was thrown | tion for Turkey; and, second, on account | directly under the junior's command, he naturally felt the promotion more than

any of the others. 'The battle of Santiago was one of the most brilliant in history. Regardless of who was responsible for such effective ex-Sampson and Schley. The controversy only | rights and an indemnity for the two years serves to dim the brilliancy of the victory | during which the company had been deone should question the bravery of either of the men is particularly unfortunate, and I believe wholly unjustified

Captain Forsyth, who will be retired on Sept. 25 under the forty-years' service act. has been associated with Admirals Schley and Sampson at different times during his long life in the navy. When he left Key West he took command of the battleshir Indiana. Later he was chief of staff to Admira! Watson in charge of the Asiatic squadron, and for the past several months Island yard at San Francisco. Captain Forsyth left here to-night for St. Louis, where he will spend a few days before pro-ceeding to Philadelphia.

TRACK WASHED OUT.

Seaboard Air-Line Train Ditched-

One Killed, Three Injured. COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 25.-The Florida & Metropolitan limited train of the Seaboard Air-line was wrecked last night seven miles south of Cheraw by a sandbank washing out. The killed and injured

FIREMAN ROSEMOND, crushed

ENGINEER MUSE, shoulder and leg in TOM CLEARY, another engineer, injured in knees and legs POSTAL CLERK, name unknown, slight-

shaking up. The engine and four front cars left the track and were turned completely over. The engine was a mass of debris. The tender was thrown fifty yards away. The track was torn up for 150 yards and every car was off the track.

CAST UP BY THE SEA.

Bottle Telling of a Schooner's Wreck Twenty-Two Years Ago.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 25.-Harry Barnes, a prospector who has arrived at Cape Nome, tells a story to the Gold Digger of having found a ship's medicine bottle tightly corked on the sandspit on Hagenmaister island, in the northern part of Bristol bay, which contained a sheet of paper on which was the following message in faded ink: "July 24, 1879-The schooner Albert wrecked in Unimak Pass, eighteen hands aboard, storm still raging. C. E. M'LEOD,

ship's master. Will Make No Sugar This Year.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 25.-The plant of the Illinois Sugar Refining Company, at Peking, will make no sugar this fall. The growing factories. The plant will be utilized for the manufacture of glucose. The fight between the trust and the independent company, tinez, a Mexican, was called out by a

PURPOSE OF EMPEROR NICHOLAS IN HIS VISIT TO FRANCE.

Being Carefully Considered by the English Financiers.

FRANCE'S "PAPER VICTORY

TRIUMPH OVER THE PORTE RE-GARDED AS ONLY NOMINAL.

Warning Boers to Ignore the Manifesto of Lord Kitchener.

PRINCE CHUNG IN SWITZERLAND

CHINESE SPECIAL ENVOY TO GER-MANY IS QUITE SICK.

Edicts Authorizing Signing of Protocols En Route to Peking-The English Admiralty Boiler Tests.

LONDON, Aug. 25 .- The end of the hollmore healthy than at any time for some | wiped out." months. Money has not been more plentiful since 1897. Accordingly, in the open market rates are gradually decreasing, touching 21% per cent. for short bills and 1 in the official rate, although there was some expectation of such a move last Thursday.

The two strongest arguments against a reduction are, first the expectation of a speedy demand for gold from New York, ULAII and second, the general feeling that the visit of Emperor Nicholas to France portends another Russian loan. No definite information is yet obtainable as to this loan question, but it is known that Russia is badly in need of a large amount, and that France is the only probable source of supply. At the same time Russia has taxed the French enormously heavy, of late, both in the matter of government loans and also private industrial investments. The latter have shown lamentably small dividends, but it is thought the enthusiasm induced by the Czar's visit will give a very opportune stimulus to French cordiality. In case a loan is floated it will | GEN. ROBERT WILLIAMS, U. S. A mean the withdrawal from London of considerable French cash and this is likely to come just at a time when London is most in need of its surplus.

Bank of Spain Gains Specie. MADRID, Aug. 25 .- The report of the Bank of Spain for the week ended yesterday shows the following: Gold in hand, an increase of 4,000 pesetas; silver in hand an increase of 1,766,000; notes in circulation, a decrease of 8,710,000.

TIME EXPIRES TO-DAY.

Turkey Has Little Time in Which to | Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Settle with France.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 25.-M. Con stans, the French ambassador, sent a note to the Porte last Thursday to the effect that | ing. A little before that hour his daughter he would leave Constantinople on Aug. 26 unless the French claims were settled. of Mr. Evans in her bed room. He was Thereupon Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish min- gasping for breath. Vainly he tried to ister of foreign affairs, called at the French | speak to her. Finding his efforts fruitless embassay and informed M. Constans that the Porte had abandoned the idea of pur- violently for a moment and staggered from chasing the quays-first, because convinced the room, passed through his own sleeping that the purchase would be a bad specula- apartment out to the veranda, in the front of the financial difficulty involved, as the Ottoman government had no hope that the in the sunshine gasping for breath, and Paris market would take up a loan to cover | then fell to the floor. Death was instan-M. Constans then gave the Ottoman gov-

ernment until Monday (to-morrow) to issue an irade granting the quays company full

Merely a Paper Victory.

papers hail Turkey's yielding as a great triumph for France-more especially as it was largely believed that the Sultan's obduracy was due to the supposed friendship between Germany and Turkey-it is felt in London, despite considerable satisfaction was second in command at the Mare over the outcome, that there is a grave doubt as to whether France achieved more than a paper victory. The British theory is that M. Constans really wished to force Turkey to purchase quays which are no toriously unremunerative. The Sultan has avoided this, thus securing the practical results, while leaving to M. Constans the empty congratulations.

EDICTS ON THE WAY.

Authority for the Chinese Signatories

to the Protocols. LONDON, Aug. 26.-"Li Hung Chang has | dence in Minnesota that Robert Evans was notified the ministers of the powers," says a dispatch to the Times from Peking. dated yesterday, "that edicts necessary to the signing of the protocol by the Chinese plenipotentiaries are now en route from Si-Ngan-Fu, and are expected to arrive

Prince Chung in Switzerland.

BERLIN, Aug. 25 .- Prince Chung, brother | from the national Republican committee of the Emperor of China, and the mera-The passengers escaped with a severe bers of the Chinese mission now on the way to Berlin to apologize for the murder of Baron Von Ketteler, German minister in Peking, have arrived at Basle, Switzerland, Prince Chung, who is ill, will remain there for a few days.

> LONDON, Aug. 26.-Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, the Dally Chronicle believes, will be appointed successor to the late Lord Herschell as head of the delegation representing British interests in the joint high

Strathcona to Succeed Herschell.

DE LAREY IS DEFIANT.

Orders Boers to Ignore the Latest Proclamation by Kitchener.

received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated at Pretoria to-day: est proclamation and declaring that they will continue the struggle."

Fighting in Cape Colony.

LONDON, Aug. 26.-South African diserop has been sold to Ohio and Michigan patches show that the Boers continue active in Cape Colony. Sharp skirmishing has occurred near Uniondale, only a day's who controls the plant, is on in the courts, ride from the sea, while Commandant

Schepper's commando is threatening the mportant town of Oudtshoern, thirty miles In Brussels it is asserted that Commandant General Botha has ordered the Boer commanders in future to retain all captured British as hostages in case Lord Kitchener carries out the threats of his

latest proclamation. ENGLISH BOILER TESTS

Held by the Press to Be Unsatisfac-

tory and Inconclusive. the Admiralty regarding the boiler testing race between the British cruiser Hyacinth, fitted with water tube boilers, and the cruiser Minerva, having cylindrical or Scotch boilers, is the theme or extensive comment. It is generally admitted that the would enable the formation of a decisive opinion. Considerable doubt is again thrown on the supposed superiority of the Belleville boiler. It is urged that even if the superiority of this boiler should be established the delicacy of mechanism accompanying the Belleville creates a liability to serious derangement. On the whole the press considers that the Admiralty is overhasty in adopting the Belleville boiler without further experiments of an exhaustive character.

On the Berlin Bourse. BERLIN. Aug. 25.-Business on the bourse continues restricted, but on the whole, a confident feeling prevails, owing to the almost complete absence of sellers. The tone of the market, last week, was firm, and such changes as occurred were, for the greater part, in favor of holders. At the beginning of the week home government securities were easy, but they hardened later on report that the banks would be compelled to invest their reserves in government bends. The first petroleum ships from Baku have arrived at Dortmund by the way of the Ems canal.

Losses by Forest Fires.

LONDON, Aug. 26 .- "The total losses from the recent forest fires which have partly destroyed several towns, are estimated at £10,000,000," says a dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily Mail. "The day season finds the London Stock Ex- fires have been mostly incendiary and are change listless and waiting for something attributed to the Jews. It is estimated that 250,000 acres of forests have been destroyed to turn up. On the whole, conditions are and 187 villages completely or partially

Investigating a Murder.

BERLIN, Aug. 25 .- An unconfirmed rumor is in circulation in Berlin that a miliper cent. for call loans. The Bank of Eng- tary commission has gone to Gumbinnen, der brought against Sergeant Hickel, and such as is always possible among the Ma-(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COL. 3.)

ROBERT GRENAP EVANS STRICKEN DOWN IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Was a Native of Indiana, Well Known in Indianapolis, and Prominent in Both Indiana and Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL PASSES AWAY AT PLAINFIELD.

Medal Model of the Pan-American Also Dead-Orville H. Brusie and

Other Indianians.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 25.-United States District Attorney Robert G. Evans, died suddenly at his residence in this city, of heart failure, at 8 o'clock Sunday morn- Report on Philippine Schools by the Margaret was awakened by the presence he gasped the foot rail of the bed shook it of the house. He stood there a moment

While it has been known for some time by his intimate friends that he was aflieved his condition was serious. He made no complaint. In fact the night previou to his death he chatted pleasantly with LONDON, Aug. 26 .- Although the French | several friends at the Minneapolis Club, mate to his daughter that he suffered pain. It is believed by many here that since the death of his wife, which occurred four took the examinations prescribed, of whom months ago, he has grieved over her loss to such an extent that his health became

impaired. During the past week Senator Fairbanks. of Indiana, was his guest, and both suffered injuries by jumping from a carriage n a runaway accident of Indiana, came to Minneapolis in the

Robert Grenap Evans, who was a native spring of 1884, and formed a partnership with Judge Daniel Fish, which continued for three years. He then entered the firm of Keith, Thompson & Fairchild under the irm name of Keith Evans, Thompson Fairchild, and at once sprang into prominence as an attorney.

His political career was of such a character that his advice was sought by the leaders of the Republican party. It became known during the first days of his resinot an office seeker. He had strong political beliefs, was a consistent, honorable worker in behalf of his party and in his efforts to aid his friends and associates. The name of "Bob" Evans became associated in the minds of men in connection of fair dealing in politics. He had been in the State scarcely two years before he was selected as a member of the Republican the municipalities to spend money for state central committee. In the December following the late Senator Davis resigned and Mr. Evans was selected to fill the vacancy. He was elected for the period of four years again in 1888. He was always an active member of the Union League, being president of that organization in | have no windows or floors. Sometimes one 1885-6. When it came to choice of a district | teacher has one to two hundred pupils. attorney for this district, Senators Nelson and Davis secured the appointment for Mr. Evans. While he was contestant for | thought as important as that of boys. the position of United States senator at the last session of the Minnesota Legislature, yet it was well understood that the only real political ambition he had was to

be appointed to a federal judgeship. WAS WELL KNOWN HERE.

Mr. Evans Had Many Friends and Acquaintances in Indiana.

Minnesota, were much shocked Sunday LONDON, Aug. 25,-The War Office has afternoon to learn of his sudden death in tribute his death to the injuries received in "De Larey has issued a counter procla- an accident which befell him while out mation, warning all Boers against my lat- driving with Senator Fairbanks at Minneapolis about ten days ago. Senator Fairbanks was the guest of Mr. Evans at his home in Kenwood, a suburb of and women teacher eight pesos. Minneapolis, and last Friday, a week ago, while both were out driving, the horses became frightened and both Mr. Evans and Senator Fairbanks were compelled to jump in order to save their lives. Al- tificates. Evening schools have been es-(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COL. 1)

JILITARY GUARD IN CITY OF MA-NILA TO BE INCREASED.

LONDON, Aug. 26 .- The report issued by companies of Infantry to Be Added to the Military Guard of the

Philippine Metropolis.

contest was not under conditions which PRESENT FORCE INSUFFICIENT

MALAYS, TOO, REGARDED AS LIKELY TO CAUSE TROUBLE.

Several Small Bodies of Rebels Have Surrendered, Including a Numerous Company of Officers.

THE PROGRESS IN EDUCATION

REPORT OF THE INSULAR SUPERIN-TENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

Recommendations for the Betterment of the Work-Maj. Gen. Arthur MacArthur Is at Chicago.

there are now less than 1,000 effective soldiers, and it has been decided to increase to his home in Milwaukee. Seventeen memthis number by four companies of infantry. the guard duty is too heavy for the present force. As a matter of fact, however, there is a feeling that, although there is no apparent prospect of trouble, nevertheless, in the event of an uprising in the future, lays, it would be better to have a sufficient

body of troops available. General Chaffee says he considers the city of Manila to be perfectly orderly, and he can see no prospect of an uprising. Commissioner Wright thinks the people "extremely peaceable." He is satisfied that, although among a certain class there is some discontent on account of the land tax, which is not yet understood, this class

is not likely to foment trouble. Many army officers say they are gratified at the increase in the military force. They think that, with the military guard withdrawn from the prison, another uprising there might result in the release of about 1,800 prisoners. This possibility is regarded as a menace to the city by those who take that view of the case, as they regard the white guard as insufficient. Civil officials look upon this contingency as unlikely inasmuch as the six hundred white police could mobilize at the prison before any of the prisoners could escape and become dispersed throughout the disaffected district. Word was received to-day that the in-

surgent Colonel Loreel, with seventeen officers and thirteen men, surrendered yesterday to Captain Brown, of the Fourth Infantry, at Talisay. The surrender of numerous other smaller contingents last week brings the total to more than one hun-

Governor Taft is expected to return to Manila on Tuesday afternoon, after having appointed civil officers throughout northern

RAPID PROGRESS MADE.

Insular Superintendent. WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.-The division of insular affairs, of the War Department, has received a copy of the annual report of Prof. Fred W. Atkinson, the general Superintendent of Public Instruction for the Philippines, which covers the time from the enactment of the Philippine school law to the close of the last fiscal

year, June 30, 1901. The school law mentioned authorized the appointment from the United States of 1,000 school teachers, of whom Prof. Atkinson states 781 had been appointed, either absolutely or provisionally. That there was no scarcity of material from which to make the selection of those appointed direct from Manila, is shown by his testimonials appended, showing that more than 8,000 personal written applications had been filed. Four hundred and eighty-seven soldier applicants for positions as teachers seventy-nine passed satisfactorily and

were assigned to schools. The next step in the organization of the educational system was the districting of the archipelago into eighteen divisions, the school work of each being placed in charge of a division superintendent. In speaking of the general conditions, Prof.

Atkinson said: "The great present need is that of adequate and suitable school buildings. All school buildings occupied by soldiers, or in any way used for military purposes, should authorities at the earliest practical mofor the rent or vacation of all convents or other church property now used for school purposes. Nearly all the buildings that have been used for military purposes are in poor condition. It will be necessary for their alteration and repair. Present school buildings consist, generally, of one or two large tooms with several teachers carrying on work in each room. These rooms are everywhere overcrowded and many The education of girls has not been Wherever a school for boys is established it will be the policy to establish one for girls, either in a building near the boys or under the same roof as the boys' school. but completely separate, with its own entrances and 'playgrounds."

Dr. David Barrows, City Superintendent of Schools for Manila, reports on the ques-Evans, United States district attorney for land is in large holdings and a large proportion of the products must go for rentz. In the absence of a land tax, which was Mineapolis on Sunday morning. They at- unknown under the Spanish reign, and none patterned upon the American system being yet in operation, he cites one pueblo where the local revenues are so small that the policeman gets only five pesos per month, the native man teacher ten pesos, Prof. Atkinson adds that it was planned to conduct teachers' institutes in all the provinces at an early date. At present there is no schedule of salaries for Filipino

teachers and it is planned to establish the

same on the basis of enrollments and cer- erans. Railroad fare is 1 cent a mile.

tablished where practicable, arousing great Doty or Colonel Hodge, Cleveland, O.

high school at the capital of each province will be established in 1902. Harrows, city superintendent of schools of Manila, reported under date of

May 4 last for the first six months of his

"The most significant change is that which has taken place in the attitude of the Filipino teachers. Owing to the uncertainty that has attended American occupation of these islands, six months ago scarcely any changes had been introduced into the public schools of Manila. In December the plan was adopted of having the teachers of English devote at least the last half hour of the forenoon to the instruction of the Filipino teachers and at the same time the announcement was made that very shortly Spanish, as a medium of instruction, would be abandoned. With a very few exceptions the teachers accepted the proposed change of language and their attitude has now become one of real eagerness for the adoption of English. They have also so far progressed in their knowledge of English that it will be possible with the opening of schools in June, (1901) to use only English. Almost without exception our teachers are becoming appre-

ciably more loyal to their work and more conscientious in its discharge. "The question of religious instruction in the schools has also been settled, and without friction or any loss in the attendance of pupils. Upon receipt of an official copy of act No. 74 of the Philippine Commission, a comprehensive order was issued forbidding the practice of religious devotions or their employment as means of punishment, the discontinuance of al teaching of the catechisms of religious doctrine, and the removal from the schoolhouse of all books containing such matter and the removal from school rooms of crucifixes, religious emblems, sacred pictures, placards, etc. These orders were in every case immediately and exactly complied with. There was no protest from either parents or teachers and as above stated no diminution in the attendance, the school year closing with the largest attendance in the history of the public schools. To many of the teachers the change was apparently welcome.

MACARTHUR AT CHICAGO.

Greeted by Members of His Famous Civil War Regiment.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25 .- Maj. Gen. Arthur McArthur, who has just returned from the Philippines, will leave for Washington on Wednesday, to report to the War Department. He expects to stop at Canton on MANILA, Aug. 25 .- In the city of Manila his way East, to pay his respects to President McKinley. On Sept. 11 he will return bers of General MacArthur's old regiment. The official reason for the increase is that | the Twenty-fourth Wisconsin Volunteers paid their respects to their former commander this afternoon at his hotel. It was their first meeting with General MacArthur since the close of the civil war in 1865.

VERY ELABORATE PROGRAMMES FOR EACH OF THE DAYS.

Evidence-Games in the Stadium -Attendance Is Increasing.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 25.-Officially, this week at the Pan-American Exposition is designated as grange week and as furniture manufacturers' week. The four million mark in attendance was passed to-day, and the average attendance for the month of August has been 50 per cent. greater than any previous month. The average attendance for the past week exceeded that of the previous week by 11,000.

To-morrow will be municipal day. The programme will be presented in the Temple of Music, and will include addresses by Randolph Guggenheimer, acting mayor of New York and president of the Greater New York Council; Raymond Prefontaine, mayor of Montreal, and Samuel L. Jones, mayor of Toledo. The Tennessee Press Association also will be in evidence on this day, but aside from attending the exercises already arranged for will pay strict attention to business and "do" the exposi-

The Porto Rican Society will begin its sessions to-morrow. General Miles is expected to take active part in the deliberation of the organization, and has been invited to make the responses to the address of welcome, which will be delivered by the director general, W. I. Buchanan, In the evening a reception will be tendered to General Miles and other visiting officers in the Temple of Music, the programme closing with a great camp fire in the New

York State building. Wednesday will be New York State Grange day. Cuba day will be Thursday Senor Tomas Estrada Palma will be th principal orator of the ocasion. On Saturday the red fez will be in evidence, for this will be Shriners' day. The swine and dog shows which will take

place during the week undoubtedly will attract much attention, not alone on ac count of the numerous entries which have been made for the same, but also because of the high grade stock entered. The prizes offered aggregate \$2,600 in value. The West Point cadets will remain here until Thursday, drilling in the stadium twice daily. In addition to the company of ground the famous crops of light infantry from Washington, D. C. This body of 200 men drills daily in the Esplanade.

stadium on the 27th, and Irish sports will occupy the four days following.

FACING STARVATION.

Want by the Drought.

Scottish games will take place in the

Texans Back of Laredo Reduced to

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 25.-Reports to-day from Zacapata county confirm the news that the poorer classes there are facing starvation. They must have immediate help in the way of food or the results will be terrible. Range water has failed and cattle are too weak to travel, and are dying rapidly. The country is be vacated and turned over to the school literally burned up by drought. There is not a green thing to be seen except cactus ment, and arrangements should be made plants. Zacapata county is fifty miles from the nearest railroad, and whatever in the way of food is sent to the farmers in the famine-stricken place must be nauled from Laredo, a two-days' trip at

Mayor Hicks, of this city, has started relief fund and already has sent a small sum of money to Laredo to be used in buying food for the sufferers, but what he has sent is hardly a drop in the bucket. Relief work will be continued here. Nothing has been heard from the War Department in answer to a request for rations

sent by Congressman Kleberg. FIERCE WIND AND RAIN.

Much Damage to Property Wrought by Storm at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 25.-Minneapolis experienced a fierce rain, wind and hailstorm about 9 o'clock this evening. which did much damage to property in the city and vicinity. No one was hurt. In the business part of the city large plate glass | United States Steel Corporation through tion of local support of schools, inviting | windows were smashed and the street-car | members of the conciliatory committee of Friends in this city of Robert Grenap attention to the fact that the agricultural system was demoralized for three hours by the National Civic Federation, which procrossed wires. At one of the Great Northern steel elevators the heavy cupola was blown from the building, smashing a house near by the residents narrowly escaping injury in many residence localities all the win-

Mexican War Veterans' Meeting. LEXINGTON. Ky., Aug. 25.-The next meeting of the National Association of Cleveland, O., Sept. 12, 13 and 14. Head-quarters at the Lincoln Hotel; place of meeting. City Council chamber. This is ex-

pected to be one of the grandest meetings

and, perhaps, the last one for the old vet-

programme, etc., address the Hon. E. W

dows in the houses were blown out.

PLANS OF THE STEEL CORPORATION MAGNATES TO THAT END.

Star Tin Plate Mill at Pittsburg Said to Be the Point of Least Resist-

ance in the Opposition.

IMPROVEMENTS MADE

AND THE MILL PUT IN READINESS

TO RESUME TO-DAY.

Eighty Skilled Men Taken Into the Works and All Its Eight Mills Said

ALL QUIET AT OTHER POINTS

to Be Fully Manned.

NO EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO START THE TUBE MILLS.

Strikers Contradict the Claims Made by Steel Officials-Pickets Are Alert in Mckeesport.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 25 .- Some remarkable changes in the condition of the strikeridden mills of the United States Steel Corporation are promised for the present week that will change the aspect of affairs considerably if carried out. It was stated on good authority to-day that before the end of the week those of the plants that have been operating on single turn would be run with full force and for the usual three full turns each day. Men enough have been secured for this purpose, the officials say, in spite of the claims of the strikers that the companies could not get enough men to operate their plants, and the managers of the various mills say they will be ready with all the skilled men required to start up the machinery and

turn out a heavy tonnage. The most interesting situation is in the Star mill, of the American Tin-plate Company here. This plant was, until this summer, considered as doomed. The tin-plate company had, it is said, decided to abandon the mill and move the machinery elsewhere. Since the strike has come on them and it was demonstrated that the operation of the mill with nonunion men was possible under the protection of a well-equipped police force, the officials decided to keep this mill, make extensive improvements in its equipment and make a permanent fixture of the company. The most significant feature of this plan has been carried out during the past week. This consists of niting the mili & it same manuer as that of the Monessen, Pa., plant. The former eight single mills have been changed to four double mills. Other improvements have been added that will give the plant a larger capacity, increase its force of men and make it one of the most modern of all the tin plants of the country. With the completion of these improvements, the company will be prepared to place a sufficient number of men in the plant to work the four double mills three full turns. This is said to be expected to take place during the present week. Before Saturday, according to Superintendent Piper, of the Star mills, the plant will be operated to its

Referring to the present condition of the mills, Mr. Piper said. "We received eighty skilled men early this morning. Mr. J. R. Phillips, of the company, accompanied the men to the mill and it was not until after they were in and comfortably settled for the night that the strikers discovered their presence. Those men are of the best in the trade and will enable us to move the

plant on a better basis than before." Outside the Star plant to-day a large number of strikers were on picket duty. They were quiet and orderly, but had their eyes and ears open for any signs of newcomers. The peculiar feature of the strike about the Star plant is the good feeling displayed between the strikers and the manager of the plant. When Superintendent Piper left the buildings, early this morning, he met the strikers and laughed good-naturedly at them. He said to the anxious pickets: "I had more fun in getting those last men into the plant than

at a game of checkers.' When the strikers were told of the claims of the officials of the Star mill they denied that there were as many skilled men at work as was claimed and said those who were in the plant were sent there from the Monessen plant, which was being crippled in order to accomplish this work. Strenuous denials were also made regarding alleged desertions from the Amalgamated ranks to fill the positions offered by the corporation, and it was said that it would be impossible to obtain men enough to operate the plant without settling the strike.

There was no change in the situation regarding the tube mills to-day. The mills were all quiet and the former employes remained away from the plants. It is understood that the officials of the National Tube Company have practically determined not to start these plants for the present. Everything at McKeesport is reported quiet. Pickets are around the Demmler tin-plate mill in large numbers, but they are orderly and are determined to be on hand all night, as they believe an attempt will be made to start the plant in the morning. While the fires are lighted and the mill apparently in readiness for a start. it was impossible to get any of the officials to name the exact time when the attempt will be made.

In furtherance of the "peace" programme which is said to have been in course of preparation for several days, it was given out to-day by one on the inside, and one who should know, that the Amalgamated executives have consented to have certain propositions made to the officials of the posals are expected to bring about a settlement of the great strike. Those interested in the matter were in waiting all day to-day for word to proced with the programme as outlined at the conference of Amalagamated executives and the conciliatory committee of the Civic Federation on last Friday. The propositions which are to be taken to New York carry Mexican War Veterans will be held at certain concessions by the Amalgamated officials which it is hoped will pave the way for the reopening of direct negotiations between the association and the company, The proposition carries much of the terms under which President Shaffer and his ad-

visers stand willing to settle. What these